



This course covers MPC5554 and MPC5567 NXP MCUs

Objectives

- The course explains how to design a MPC5554 board.
- The e200 core is studied in detail, especially the MMU, the cache and the SPE instruction set.
- The course explains how to develop a generic interrupt handler.
- The training highlights data paths between core and peripherals through the internal crossbar switch.
- The host programming of eTPU and eMIOS is viewed in details.

- This course has been delivered several times to companies developing automotive and avionics systems.

A lot of programming examples have been developed by ACSYS to explain the boot sequence and the operation of complex peripherals, such as eQADC and eMIOS.

• They have been developed with Diab Data compiler and are executed under Lauterbach debugger.

A more detailed course description is available on request at training@ac6-training.com

Prerequisites and related courses

- Experience of a 32-bit processor or DSP is mandatory.
- The following courses could be of interest:
 - FlexRay, reference cours [IA2 - FlexRay 2.1](#)
 - CAN bus, reference cours [IA1 - CAN bus](#)
 - Ethernet, reference cours [N1 - Ethernet and switching](#)
 - eTPU, reference cours [FM3 - eTPU programming](#)

Environnement du cours

- Cours théorique
 - Support de cours au format PDF (en anglais) et une version imprimée lors des sessions en présentiel
 - Cours dispensé via le système de visioconférence Teams (si à distance)
 - Le formateur répond aux questions des stagiaires en direct pendant la formation et fournit une assistance technique et pédagogique
- Au début de chaque demi-journée une période est réservée à une interaction avec les stagiaires pour s'assurer que le cours répond à leurs attentes et l'adapter si nécessaire

Audience visée

- Tout ingénieur ou technicien en systèmes embarqués possédant les prérequis ci-dessus.

Modalités d'évaluation

- Les prérequis indiqués ci-dessus sont évalués avant la formation par l'encadrement technique du stagiaire dans son entreprise, ou par le stagiaire lui-même dans le cas exceptionnel d'un stagiaire individuel.
- Les progrès des stagiaires sont évalués par des quizz proposés en fin des sections pour vérifier que les stagiaires ont assimilé les points présentés
- En fin de formation, une attestation et un certificat attestant que le stagiaire a suivi le cours avec succès.
 - En cas de problème dû à un manque de prérequis de la part du stagiaire, constaté lors de la formation, une formation différente ou complémentaire lui est proposée, en général pour conforter ses prérequis, en accord avec son responsable en entreprise le cas échéant.

Plan

MPC555X OVERVIEW

Block diagram

- Internal architecture of the MPC55XX
- Functional pin multiplexing
- Memory map, internal register space
- Connection of peripherals to the core platform

e200 CORE

CORE ARCHITECTURE

- Differences between the new Book E architecture and the classic PowerPC architecture
- The instruction pipeline
- Integer and floating point execution units
- SPE instruction set, signal processing capability, new data types
- Vector and scalar floating point
- The MMU, 32-entry fully associative TLB, page size selection
- Hardware assist for TLB miss exception
- Page attributes WIMGE
- Process protection, variable number of PID registers and sharing
- TLB initialization
- The 32-kB unified L1 cache, pseudo round-robin replacement algorithm, 8-way set associativity
- 8-entry store buffer
- Cache-related instructions
- ABI : sections
- Book E exception handling
- Core timers

CORE DEBUG

- Nexus emulation
- Watchpoint logic

PLATFORM

THE INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

- Up to 504 on-chip module interrupt sources
- Software vs hardware vector mode
- Hardware acceleration for ISRs : use of 9-bit vectors
- Preemption, priority management
- External IRQs

HARDWARE IMPLEMENTATION

- FMPLL
- Configuration pins
- Reset configuration halfword
- Boot assist module, 4 different boot modes
- MMU configuration after BAM executes

- Initialization sequence
- External bus interface, pinout
- Memory controller with support for SDR flash and SRAM
- Compatibility with the external bus of the MPC5XX
- Support for external master accesses to internal addresses
- Burst support
- Chip-select programming

ON-CHIP MEMORIES

- 2 MB on-chip flash
- Integrated ECC
- Censorship protection
- Read while write operation
- Erase and program sequences
- 111 kB on-chip SRAM : general purpose SRAM, cache and eTPU RAMs

eDMA AND CROSSBAR

- Autonomous IO control
- Parallel memory bus architecture, concurrent accesses
- Programmable master priorities on a per-slave basis
- 64 independent channels with link capability
- Parking on slave ports
- Transfer control descriptors, inner and outer loops, modulo feature
- Scatter / gather feature
- DMA channel arbitration
- DMA error reporting

PERIPHERALS

eTPUs

- Real time hardware events processing, scheduling, priority scheme
- Microengine operation
- New arithmetic, logical and control instructions
- Angle clock hardware
- DMA support
- Dual eTPU shared resources
- Introduction to the eTPU functions QOM, NITC, PWM, SIOP, UART
- Channel service max latency time calculation
- eTPU development tools, Ashware debugger

eMIOS

- Introduction to time functions supported by the 24 unified channels
- DMA request per channel
- Pin serialization / deserialization
- eMIOS interrupt requests
- Double action submodules
- PWM submodules, center aligned PWM
- Windowed programmable time accumulation
- Quadrature decode

eQADC

- Analog inputs multiplexing
- 12-bit AD resolution
- Queue management, trigger sources

- Conversion queue priority scheme
- Conversion cycle times
- eQADC command / data flow
- Hardware interface
- ADC error correction

DSPI

- SPI protocol explanation, master / slave operation
- Command queue
- Flexible programming transfer attributes on a per-frame basis
- Transmit and receive sequences

eSCI

- UART basics
- Double buffering
- Wake up mode
- Transmit and receive sequences
- Support for LIN master operation

FlexCAN controllers

- CAN protocol basics
- Message buffer structure
- Mask registers
- Listen-only mode capability
- Receive and Transmit processes
- Error counters

THE FAST ETHERNET CONTROLLER

- Overview
- MII pinout
- Buffer descriptor description
- Initialization sequence
- Error management
- Interrupts

FLEXRAY CONTROLLER

- FLEXRAY protocol basics
- FLEXRAY controller characteristic
- Message buffer structure
- Clock synchronisation mechanism
- Initialization
- Error management
- Interrupts

Renseignements pratiques

Renseignements : 5 jours