

## oD0 - Linux User Mode Programming

### Programming Embedded Applications under Linux

#### Objectives

- Discover Linux and its development tools
- Connect an embedded Linux system in a network
- Review the Linux boot sequence
- Mount a remote file system
- Boot a remote Linux kernel
- Program and Debug Linux applications
  - Network programming
  - Synchronous and asynchronous input-output
  - Multi-thread programming
  - Inter-process communications

*Labs are conducted QEMU ARM-based board  
We use a recent version of Kernel*

#### Who should attend this course?

- Engineers that must create embedded Linux applications

#### Prerequisite

- Basic Linux user knowledge
- Good C programming skills

#### Course Environment

- Theoretical course
  - PDF course material (in English).
  - Course dispensed using the Teams video-conferencing system.
  - The trainer answers trainees' questions during the training and provide technical and pedagogical assistance through the Teams video-conferencing system.
- Practical activities
  - Practical activities represent from 40% to 50% of course duration.
  - Code examples, exercises and solutions
  - One Online Linux PC per trainee for the practical activities.
  - The trainer has access to trainees' Online PCs for technical and pedagogical assistance.
  - Eclipse environment and GCC compiler.
  - QEMU Emulated board or physical board connected to the online PC (depending on the course).
  - Some Labs may be completed between sessions and are checked by the trainer on the next session.
- Downloadable preconfigured virtual machine for post-course practical activities
- At the start of each session the trainer will interact with the trainees to ensure the course fits their expectations and correct if needed

## Duration

- Total: 24 hours
- 4 sessions, 6 hours each (excluding break time)
- From 40% to 50% of training time is devoted to practical activities
- Some Labs may be completed between sessions and are checked by the trainer on the next session

## Target Audience

- Any embedded systems engineer or technician with the above prerequisites.

## Evaluation modalities

- The prerequisites indicated above are assessed before the training by the technical supervision of the trainee in his company, or by the trainee himself in the exceptional case of an individual trainee.
- Trainee progress is assessed in two different ways, depending on the course:
  - For courses lending themselves to practical exercises, the results of the exercises are checked by the trainer while, if necessary, helping trainees to carry them out by providing additional details.
  - Quizzes are offered at the end of sections that do not include practical exercises to verify that the trainees have assimilated the points presented
- At the end of the training, each trainee receives a certificate attesting that they have successfully completed the course.
  - In the event of a problem, discovered during the course, due to a lack of prerequisites by the trainee a different or additional training is offered to them, generally to reinforce their prerequisites, in agreement with their company manager if applicable.

# Plan

## First Session

### Linux overview

- Linux
- The various licenses used by Linux (GPL, LGPL, etc.)
- Linux distributions

### Linux for the user

- The Linux filesystem
- The Linux shell and scripts
- The vi editor
- Basic administration of a Linux system

### Linux application development

- Structure of Linux applications
  - The ELF file format
- Linux development tools
  - Compiling
  - Documentation
  - Makefiles
  - Integrated Development Environments
- Creating Linux libraries
  - Static libraries
  - Dynamic libraries

*Exercise: Writing a simple, static and dynamic, library*

## Linux application debugging

- Software Debug tools
  - Gdb
  - Memory management debug using dmalloc and efence
  - Runtime checks using valgrind

*Exercise: Debug an application and its libraries using gdbserver*

*Exercise: Checking memory management using dmalloc and valgrind*

## Second Session

### Input-Output

- Standard input-output
  - disk files
  - devices
- Network programming
  - sockets
  - UDP and TCP protocols
- Asynchronous input-output
  - Non-blocking I/O
  - Multiplexed (the select and poll APIs)
  - Notified I/O
  - Chained I/O (the aio POSIX API)

*Exercise: Programming a client-server application*

*Exercise: Handle several parallel connections using asynchronous I/O*

### Tracing system calls

- Trace system calls tools
  - Strace
  - Ltrace

*Exercise: Understanding Strace*

## Third Session

### Time and signal handling

- Signal handling
  - Signal types
  - Handling a signal
  - Functions usable in a signal handler
  - Signal masking and synchronous handling
- User Timers

*Exercise: Manage timeouts using signals and timers*

### Multitask programming

- Processes
  - The process concept
  - Processes and security
  - Process states
  - Process life-cycle : the "fork" and "exec" calls
- POSIX Threads
  - User and kernel threads
  - Thread programming
  - Mutexes and condition variables

- Barriers
- Thread-specific data

*Exercise: Managing several clients in parallel using fork*

*Exercise: Create a remote server using fork and exec*

*Exercise: Managing several clients in parallel using threads*

*Exercise: Manage thread-static data in a library*

## **Fourth Session**

### **Memory management and Scheduling**

- Linux Memory Management
  - Virtual and physical memory
  - Pagination and protection
  - Swapping
  - Memory allocation
  - Caches
- Scheduling in the Linux kernel
  - Context switches
  - The Completely Fair Scheduler
  - Scheduling groups
  - The real-time scheduler
  - Scheduling and SMP (Symmetrical Multi Processors)

### **Inter Process Communication**

- Inter Process Communication
  - File mapping of files and devices
  - Shared memory
  - Message queues
  - Pipes
- Task synchronisation
  - Semaphore
  - Mutex
  - Signals
- The System V IPC (optional, described in appendix)

*Exercise: Handle communications between processes in a multi-process client-server system*

*Exercise: Setup timeouts to close dead connections on a server*

## **Renseignements pratiques**

**Duration : 24 hours**  
**Cost : 2360 € HT**