



## SEC7 - ARM TrustZone for Cortex-M based devices

### Objectives

- Understand the ARM v8-M architecture and its security features
- Learn about ARMv8-M Memory Protection mechanism enhancement
- Configuring the Security Attribution unit
- How to manage Security access faults
- How to build and debug a secure and non-secure software

### Course environment

- Students will be given access to a shared filesystem to save and share their work.
- PDF course material
- The labs will use a ARM Cortex-M33 based board

### Prerequisites

- Programming skills: Some programming experience, particularly in C
- Basic knowledge of ARM Cortex-M implementations
- Basic understanding of Security Algorithms and Secure coding

### Target Audience

- Any embedded systems engineer or technician with the above prerequisites.

## Course Outline

### First Day

#### ARM Architecture and Security

- Overview of ARM TrustZone technology
- TrustZone Architecture
  - Overview of the TrustZone architecture
  - TrustZone-enabled processors and their features
  - Secure world and non-secure world
- TrustZone security
  - Overview of TrustZone security model
  - TrustZone-enabled Cortex-M
- Secure Software Design Considerations

#### ARMv8-M Memory Protection

- Memory types
- Access order
- Memory barriers, self-modifying code
- Memory protection overview, ARM v8 PMSA
- Cortex-M33 MPU and bus faults
- Region overview, memory type and access control
- Setting up the MPU

**Exercise:** Use the MPU to protect an area of memory against unintended access

## Cortex-M TrustZone

- TrustZone-enabled Cortex-M processors and their features
- Security states
- Register banking between security states
- Stacks and security states
- Security Extension and exceptions
- Secure and Non-Secure states interactions
- Exceptions and the Security Extension
  - Handling Secure Exceptions
  - Handling Non-Secure Exceptions while in the Secure state
  - Returning from a Non-Secure exception to the Secure state
- The Security Attribution Unit (SAU)
- The Implementation Defined Attribution Unit (IDAU)
- Debugging TrustZone-enabled Cortex-M processors

**Exercise:** Implementing a minimal secure monitor

**Exercise:** Programming and Debugging a TrustZone application example