



# NRF5 - Programmation avec nRF Connect SDK

*De la théorie à la pratique*

## Objectives

- Learn how to develop, configure, debug and trace Zephyr applications
- Devicetree and Kconfig usage and development
- Using west and writing west manifest
- Zephyr real time multitasking overview
- Understand the Zephyr kernel Services and ecosystem
- Learn communication and synchronization mechanisms
- Understand Zephyr memory management and data structures
- Understand User mode and kernel mode
- Writing a device tree, and driver
- Using common subsystems

## Course environment

- Theoretical course
  - PDF course material (in English) supplemented by a printed version.
  - The trainer answers trainees' questions during the training and provide technical and pedagogical assistance.
- Practical activities
  - Practical activities represent from 40% to 50% of course duration.
  - Code examples, exercises and solutions
  - One PC (Linux ou Windows) for the practical activities with, if appropriate, a target board.
  - One PC for two trainees when there are more than 6 trainees.
- For onsite trainings:
  - An installation and test manual is provided to allow preinstallation of the needed software.
  - The trainer come with target boards if needed during the practical activities (and bring them back at the end of the course).
- Downloadable preconfigured virtual machine for post-course practical activities
- At the start of each session the trainer will interact with the trainees to ensure the course fits their expectations and correct if needed

## Prerequisite

- Good C programming skills (see our L2 - C language for Embedded MCUs course)

## Duration

- Total: 5 days
- From 40% to 50% of training time is devoted to practical activities
- Some Labs may be completed between sessions and are checked by the trainer on the next session

## Environnement du cours

- Cours théorique
  - Support de cours imprimé et au format PDF (en anglais).
  - Le formateur répond aux questions des stagiaires en direct pendant la formation et fournit une assistance technique et pédagogique.
- Activités pratiques
  - Les activités pratiques représentent de 40% à 50% de la durée du cours.
  - Elles permettent de valider ou compléter les connaissances acquises pendant le cours théorique.

- Exemples de code, exercices et solutions
- Un PC (Linux ou Windows) par binôme de stagiaires (si plus de 6 stagiaires) pour les activités pratiques avec, si approprié, une carte cible embarquée.
- Le formateur accède aux PC des stagiaires pour l'assistance technique et pédagogique.
- Une machine virtuelle préconfigurée téléchargeable pour refaire les activités pratiques après le cours
- Au début de chaque demi-journée une période est réservée à une interaction avec les stagiaires pour s'assurer que le cours répond à leurs attentes et l'adapter si nécessaire

## Audience visée

- Tout ingénieur ou technicien en systèmes embarqués possédant les prérequis ci-dessus.

# Course Outline

## Premier jour

### Introduction to Zephyr

- Zephyr Project
- Zephyr Ecosystem
- Why use Zephyr
- Install and use Zephyr
- Build and Configuration Systems
  - West
  - CMake
  - Zephyr SDK
- Application components and structure
- West manifest

### Configure Zephyr

- Overview
- Kconfig
  - Default configuration
  - Interactive configuration tools
  - Config fragments
- Devicetree
  - Syntax
  - Standard properties
  - Initial devicetree source
  - Access devicetree from source code
  - Best practices

**Exercise :** Write a device tree overlay

### Zephyr Without Threads

- Operation without Threads
- GPIO subsystem
- Utilities
  - Container\_of
  - For\_each
- Data Structures
  - Single-linked List
  - Double-linked List
  - Ring Buffers

**Exercise :** Hello World from Zephyr, configure and blink LEDs using Zephyr

**Exercise :** Manage Zephyr linked list and understand container\_of macro

## Second jour

### Thread Management

- Thread Fundamentals
  - Thread Control Block
  - Creating Threads
  - Threads Priorities
  - Changing Thread Priority
  - Thread States
- Main and Idle Threads
- Delays
- Suspending Threads
- Kernel Structures
  - Simple linked-list ready queue
  - Red/black tree ready queue
  - Traditional multi-queue ready queue
- Thread Custom Data

**Exercise :** Create and manage threads

**Exercise :** Create periodic threads

### Tracing and logging

- Runtime Statistics
- Scheduling Traces
  - User-Defined Tracing
  - Percepio Tracealyzer

**Exercise :** Create config fragment for visual trace diagnostics using Tracealyzer

### Memory Management in Zephyr

- Memory Managers
- Dynamic memory managers
  - K\_heap
  - System heap
  - Memory Slabs
  - Memory Blocks
- Heap Listeners
- Thread Resource Pools
- RAM/ROM reports
- Stack information
  - Stack Overflow detection
  - Stack analysis

**Exercise :** Understand dynamic memory allocation in Zephyr

**Exercise :** Display threads information and detect stack overflow

## Troisième jour

### User Mode

- Overview
- Memory Domains
  - Partitions
  - Logical apps

- Syscalls
  - Kernel objects
  - Permissions

## Resource Management and Synchronization

- Mutual Exclusion
- Mutexes
- Gatekeeper threads
- Critical Sections
- Atomic
- SpinLocks
- Semaphores
- Events
- Polling

**Exercise :** The producer-consumer problem, synchronize and avoid concurrent access problems

**Exercise :** Understanding event bit group by synchronizing several threads

## Data Passing

- Message Queues
- Queues
  - FIFOs
  - LIFOs
- Mailboxes
- Pipes
- Stacks
- Zephyr Bus (Zbus)
  - Zbus overview
  - Elements
  - Usage

**Exercise :** Create a print gatekeeper thread using message queue

**Exercise :** Synchronous communication using mailboxes

## Quatrième jour

### Interrupt Management

- Threads and Interrupts
- Interrupts in zephyr
- Interrupts on ARM Cortex-M
- Handler thread
- Queue within an ISR
- Workqueue Threads

**Exercise :** Understand how to wait on multiple events and interrupt safe APIs

**Exercise :** Understand how to pass data using Queues from an interrupt to a thread

**Exercise :** Create and submit work items from interrupts to custom WorkQueue

### Software Timers

- Timers
  - Defining a Timer
  - Using a Timer Expiry Function
- Timer types
  - One-shot timers
  - Auto-reload timers
- Timer Commands

**Exercise :** Understand the use of one-shot and auto-reload timers

## Modules

- Why to use modules?
- Module structure
- Out-of-tree module
- YAML files
- Module CMakeLists.txt

**Exercise :** Create a simple hello world module

## Kconfig

- Advantages
- Kconfig Options in Zephyr RTOS
- Configuration System
- Writing custom Kconfig Options
- Kconfig extension
- Using Kconfigs

**Exercise :** Create a module that uses custom Kconfig options

# Cinquième jour

## Zephyr device driver model

- Introduction to Device Drivers
- Overview of the Zephyr device driver model
- Standard Drivers
- The struct device
- Subsystems
- API Extensions
- Initialization Levels
- Dependencies between device drivers
- Define devices programmatically

**Exercise :** Create a driver that respects the Zephyr Device Driver Model and define devices

## Device Trees in Zephyr

- Overview of Device Tree (DT) and its role in Zephyr
- Device Tree VS Kconfig
- Device Tree node structure
- Device Tree bindings
- Overlay and yaml files
- APIs to access device tree properties
- Write device drivers using device tree APIs
- Device Tree in Zephyr VS Linux
- Adding In-Tree Code to Zephyr Source Code
- Common properties
  - compatible
  - reg
  - interrupts

**Exercise :** Create a driver that uses custom device tree and Kconfig

**Exercise :** Writing in-tree drivers

## Power Management

- Overview
- System Power Management

- Device Power Management
  - System-Managed
  - Runtime
- Power domains

**Exercise :** Write a driver compatible with power management subsystem